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Rhonda Whiting Vice-Chair Montana

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Tom Karier Washington

Phil Rockefeller Washington

June 28, 2012

#### **DECISION MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Committee Members

**FROM:** Lynn Palensky, Program Development Manager

**SUBJECT:** Decision Memorandum: Committee recommendations on Resident Fish, Data

Management and Regional Coordination Category Reviews – projects and associated

programmatic issues

At the June Fish and Wildlife Committee meeting, staff presented its recommendations on projects and programmatic issues for three category reviews – Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination projects. At that meeting the Committee expressed general support for the staff recommendations and provided a few additional points of guidance in the following areas:

- 1) clarifying the recommendation for the Status of the Resource Report
- 2) including an overall cap of \$2.7 million, annually for regional coordination funding
- 3) confirming to include/ not recommend regional coordination funding to federal entities
- 4) removing PNAMP from the coordination recommendation and moving it back to data management
- 5) adding additional detail on the PERC recommendation

In addition to technical edits, staff addressed these points in the attached revised decision document. If the Committee is satisfied with the revisions, then a recommendation to the full Council can be made at this meeting with or without additional modifications noted for the full Council to consider.

503-222-5161 800-452-5161 Fax: 503-820-2370 Joan M. Dukes Chair Oregon

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June 28, 2012

#### **DECISION MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Fish and Wildlife Committee

**FROM:** Staff

SUBJECT: Decision Memorandum: Committee recommendations on Resident Fish, Data

Management and Regional Coordination Category Reviews – projects and

associated programmatic issues

#### Introduction

Pursuant to Section 4(h)(10)(D) of the Northwest Power Act, the Northwest Power and Conservation Council has been engaged in a review of Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects that implement the Council's Columbia River Basin Fish and Wildlife Program. This document, when final, will contain and explain the Council's recommendations to the Bonneville Power Administration for the funding and implementing of these projects for Fiscal Years 2013 through 2017.

<u>Part 1</u> below provides the background on the review, including the description of these three categories, the review process, and the projects reviewed. <u>Parts 2-4</u> will cover the programmatic issues as well as some project-specific recommendations for the three categories – Part 2: Resident Fish; Part 3: Data Management; and Part 4: Regional Coordination. As has been true in the past, the review of the individual projects illuminates a set of broader policy or programmatic issues that affect the Council's review and recommendations for a collective set of the projects. Possible resolutions for the programmatic issues are provided in each Part for Fish and Wildlife Committee and Council consideration. The final version of this document will contain the Council's decisions on the set of programmatic issues, which in certain cases will then be conditions or recommendations that accompany the relevant project recommendations.

Part 5 is a list (spreadsheet) of project-specific recommendations for individual projects for the Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination categories, along with a description of the form and duration of our recommendations. The project recommendations are associated

503-222-5161 800-452-5161 Fax: 503-820-2370 with Parts 2-4 of the decision document as many of the recommendations point to a programmatic issue for full resolution. The spreadsheet lists the projects reviewed in this category, with Bonneville's FY 2012 planning budgets, requested FY 2013 budgets and the Committee Recommendation for each project as well as conditions or comments to be considered a part of the recommendation.

Finally, Part 6 will contain the formal explanations by the Council responsive to the specific requirements of Section 4(h)(10)(D) of the Northwest Power Act. This includes the written explanations required of the Council in those few instances in which the Council's project funding recommendations do not follow the recommendations of the Independent Scientific Review Panel. The Council will also explain how it complied with the requirements in Section 4(h)(10)(D) to "consider the impact of ocean conditions on fish and wildlife populations" and "determine whether the projects employ cost-effective measures to achieve program objectives" when making project funding recommendations.

#### Part 1: Background -- Categories, Projects, and Review Process

Under Section 4h of the Northwest Power Act, the Council develops a program to "protect, mitigate and enhance" fish and wildlife affected by the hydroelectric facilities on the Columbia and its tributaries. Section 4(h)(10)(A) of the Power Act then calls on the Bonneville Power Administration to use its fund and other authorities to protect, mitigate, and enhance these same fish and wildlife "in a manner consistent with" the Council's fish and wildlife program. Bonneville directly spends hundreds of millions of dollars every year to fund mainstem and offsite mitigation projects that implement measures in the Council's program, along with resident fish, data management and regional coordination projects.

Section 4h(10)(D) of the Northwest Power Act then directs the Council to review projects proposed for funding by Bonneville to implement the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program. The Council engages in this review with the assistance of its Independent Scientific Review Panel (ISRP). The Council and Bonneville work together to develop the information necessary to make this review process successful. Past review processes have taken many forms including program-wide solicitations, review of projects by geographical organization (the rolling provincial review), and targeted solicitations. Beginning in 2009, the Council and Bonneville, with advice from the ISRP, decided to review projects in functional categories (wildlife, monitoring, evaluation and research, artificial production, resident fish in the areas impassible for anadromous fish), to be followed by a review of certain projects, especially habitat actions, organized by subbasin and province, commonly referred to as "geographic review".

The central purpose of the broad category reviews is to highlight issues apparent only by looking at similar projects collectively, such as duplication and redundancy, relevance and relative priority, coordination, consistency of approach and methods and costs, and collective consistency with the broad basinwide objectives and strategies in the Fish and Wildlife Program. Organizing the reviews by category also recognizes differences in project types, especially highlighting those with longer-term commitments. The category reviews thus focus on existing commitments and these existing commitments are of many years' standing and have been the subject of numerous reviews in the past. So an important function of the category reviews is to evaluate project results and how well the projects have adapted proposed future work based on those

results, and how well the project sponsors have responded to the scientific and management issues identified in previous reviews. The scientific and administrative review for the projects should enable the Council and Bonneville to make long-term funding decisions and establish appropriate longer-length review cycles for many of these projects.

The category reviews include six steps: planning; project sponsors' reports and proposals, ISRP review; public review; staff review and recommendations, and final Council recommendation. Detailed information about the Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional (Program) Coordination review is found on the Council's website at <a href="https://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2013/Default.asp">www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2013/Default.asp</a>. The webpage describes the steps in the review process and includes a link to the list of the projects reviewed or included as part of the review context.

Part of the planning for the resident fish review included a decision to include all activities within the non-anadromous fish portions of the basin known as the "blocked areas." This meant reviewing projects or parts of projects that occur in these areas involving artificial production, habitat improvements, research, and monitoring.

In September 2011, the Council and Bonneville together began this review of projects in the categories of resident fish, data management and regional coordination (or "program coordination"). The Council's 2009 Fish and Wildlife Program focuses in particular on implementation and performance and commits to developing a better monitoring and evaluation framework for the Fish and Wildlife Program. The goal is improved performance and reporting on progress and effects under the Program and improved decision making on actions in an adaptive management fashion.

A broad set of principles and information relating to monitoring, evaluation, research, and reporting of results has also been important for this review. As noted above, the Council has focused in recent years on improving these elements of the Fish and Wildlife Program. One goal of this particular review has been to improve consistency with the provisions on monitoring, evaluation, research and reporting in the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program, in the Council's final programmatic and project recommendations in the Research, Monitoring and Evaluation category review completed in 2011, and in the body of scientific guidance on monitoring and etc. that the Program has developed over the years with the assistance of the independent science panels.

These same considerations have also informed the ongoing development of the Council's draft Monitoring, Evaluation, Research and Reporting Plan (also known as the MERR Framework). The MERR Framework is an overarching and comprehensive framework for research, monitoring, evaluation, and reporting of results that the Council has been working on as another facet of its commitment in the 2009 Fish and Wildlife Program. The MERR framework provides umbrella guidance for the development and refinement of research, monitoring and evaluation implementation strategies for particular areas of the Program, including the Anadromous Salmonid Monitoring Strategy (ASMS), the Wildlife Monitoring Implementation Strategy (WMIS) and the Resident Fish Monitoring Strategy (RFMS). The Council has not formally adopted either the MERR Framework or the related implementation strategies, and the MERR Framework and implementation strategies are *not* a source of decision-making criteria for the review. Instead, the principles and considerations informing the review of the monitoring and

etc. elements of the projects in this review are the same principles and considerations informing the development of the MERR Framework and its implementation strategies. Part of the record in the review includes feedback from the ISRP on drafts of the Resident Fish Implementation Strategy (RFIS) and Wildlife Monitoring Implementation Strategy (WMIS), feedback that was also helpful for this category review.

The ISRP began its review in September 2011, beginning with project site visits for the resident fish projects. As noted above, under Section 4(h)(10)(D) of the Northwest Power Act, the Council is to conduct its review of projects with the assistance of an Independent Scientific Review Panel appointed by the Council. The ISRP is asked "to adequately ensure that the list of prioritized projects recommended is consistent with the Council's program," and to make project recommendations to the Council "based on a determination that projects: are based on sound scientific principles; benefit fish and wildlife; and have a clearly defined objective and outcome with provisions for monitoring and evaluation of results." The ISRP issued a single preliminary report on the projects in the three categories on February 8, 2011 (see <a href="https://www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=662">www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=662</a>).

For the projects within the current review categories, project sponsors were asked in September 2011 to submit the necessary information for ISRP and Council review by the end of November 2011. The sponsors were asked to include project descriptions, work elements, a report on results, and proposed work for the next five fiscal years, and proposed budgets. The project sponsors entered the information directly into the Taurus database (cbfish.org) in a set proposal format.

The review process also included a 'review in context' of nine related projects recently reviewed by the ISRP and Council. It did not make sense to ask for project submissions so soon after the recent review, but information on these projects was included in the review to provide the necessary context for the full category.

The ISRP released its preliminary in February 2012 and concluded that 24 of the project proposals met the ISRP's science review criteria either in whole or in part or with certain qualifications. The ISRP noted that for most of the remaining 30 projects, the ISRP needed further information before it could conclude its review, and asked for a response by the sponsor to a preliminary set of review comments. The ISRP made a specific programmatic recommendation that applied to the 17 regional coordination proposals. The Council invited public comment on the preliminary ISRP report and that period remained open through the release of the final report, until May 4<sup>th</sup>, 2012.

Project sponsors submitted responses to the Council and the ISRP on March 7, 2012. The ISRP then issued its final review report on April 3, 2012. See <a href="https://www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=27">www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=27</a>. The ISRP found that 14 proposals met scientific review criteria, 37 proposals met criteria with some qualifications, and 3 proposals did not meet criteria. In the preliminary review, the ISRP made a specific programmatic recommendation that applied to the 17 regional coordination proposals. In addition to these 71 proposals, the ISRP considered 9 "contextual" projects that had been recently reviewed in another process but were included in the review for reference because of their relation to the proposals under review.

In addition to individual project reviews, the ISRP's report contains comments on issues that cut across projects and apply to the Program in general. Topics covered include non-native fish management, trout stocking strategies, monitoring and evaluation, regional coordination, results reporting, and process issues.

As required by the Act, the Council invited public to comment on the ISRP's report and the projects under review. The comment period ended May 4, 2012. While there is no requirement for the Council to seek public comment on subsequent Committee and or Council recommendations, the Council has that option and may consider doing so in the event that there are contentious decisions, or follow-up requests from interested parties. <a href="https://www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=668">www.nwcouncil.org/library/report.asp?docid=668</a>.

The Council staff, working in cooperation and consultation with Bonneville staff, began reviewing the project information, comments from the sponsors and others on the projects, the ISRP's reports, public comment on the ISRP report, and other information to develop project recommendations and frame programmatic issues.

Under Section 4(h)(10)(D) of the Act, the Council completes the review process by deciding on its project recommendations to Bonneville to implement the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program. The Act specifies that in making these recommendations, the Council is to "fully consider" the recommendations of the ISRP. If the Council decides not to accept a recommendation of the ISRP, the Council must explain in writing its reasons. The Council is also to "consider the impact of ocean conditions on fish and wildlife populations" and "determine whether the projects employ cost-effective measures to achieve program objectives" when deciding on is project-funding recommendations. "The Council, after consideration of the recommendations of the Panel and other appropriate entities, shall be responsible for making the final recommendations of projects to be funded through BPA's annual fish and wildlife budget."

Before turning to the substantive programmatic and project-specific issues and recommendations in Parts 2-5, this part concludes with an overarching issue concerning the form and duration of the project recommendations. The Council's recommendations include the following set of general expectations regarding the duration and implementation of specific project recommendations:

#### Duration and conditions of multi-year project recommendations

The Council's multi-year funding recommendations for projects extend from FY2013 through FY 2017. The duration of any particular project recommendation is specified in the project-specific recommendation on the attached spreadsheet. These vary from one to five years depending on the type of project, the project conditions, when the project is due to be completed, and if there is delivery of a product to review prior to a recommendation for additional years of funding. For example several projects have a short-term funding recommendation that is accompanied with a recommendation to develop a larger plan or report with may refine the evolution of the project in the out-years. In this case, the out-year funding recommendations are generally based on the submission and Council review of the plan or process. This is not unlike recommendations Council provided in the RM&E/AP review for ocean, sturgeon, tagging, and lamprey projects.

#### Review considerations

The Council's recommendations are based on sound scientific principles, the reviews of the projects by the Independent Scientific Review Panel, review of the projects in the context of the Fish and Wildlife Program, and other considerations and information developed during the review process. Collectively, the body of work recommended is intended to support and address the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program, as also integrated with the requirements of the two Biological Opinions (FCRPS and Libby) and the commitments made by Bonneville with the parties to the Columbia Fish Accords.

#### Funding considerations and expectations

The Council's project recommendations do not include recommended project budgets or annual budgets. The spreadsheets each have a column that shows Bonneville's current FY 2012 budget, and the sponsor-requested budget for FY 2013 to provide a general sense of annual project cost. A multi-year funding recommendation that does not set a particular budget allows Bonneville and the sponsors' flexibility in contracting and spending over the life of the project recommendation. Bonneville may also identify areas for cost savings within the work elements and the funding conditions identified by staff. In each case, Bonneville will have the flexibility to negotiate with sponsors through contracting to finalize work and budgets. Actual spending by Bonneville for each project should be sufficient to maintain project integrity as the ISRP reviewed it and as recommended by the Council. The Council's multi-year implementation recommendation does include the following general expectations:

- 1. The ISRP's science review of the projects is sufficient for the duration recommended for the project. Additional review generally will not be needed for the duration of the recommendation, with two exceptions: (1) when the project recommendation is conditioned upon the ISRP reviewing a deliverable (such as a comprehensive management plan or report) within or at the end of the funding period, or (2) when new components outside of the scope or intent of the project at the time of this review are proposed by the project sponsor or Bonneville during the funding period. In these cases, the delivered product or the new project components will be reviewed by the ISRP and a funding recommendation made by the Council based on this new or supplemental information.
- 2. Bonneville will provide start-of-year budgets annually, for each project in this portfolio prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, which should also include: (1) trend information to show how and why the overall budget will change from the previous year, and (2) how inflation and cost-of-living adjustments are to be applied, if any; (3) any modifications to scope negotiated with the project sponsor; and (4) report back to the Council in general how the Council recommendations were dealt with in contracting, and (5) Bonneville will work with the Council to track and follow-up on items or project conditions that require the sponsor to deliver products as part of the funding recommendations.
- 3. Bonneville will work with sponsors to address ISRP qualifications and other conditions during contracting when and as recommended by the Council.

- 4. Bonneville will provide adequate funding to maintain the integrity of the project as reviewed by the ISRP and recommended by the Council.
- 5. In the event that cost savings are found in projects within this review, Bonneville will notify the Council of those savings and engage in a discussion of where the cost savings will be utilized within Bonneville's Fish and Wildlife Program implementation plan.

#### Project funding package

Each category has its own set of projects, issues and funding requests. Collectively, for projects in all three categories, Bonneville's projected budget for FY 2012 totals \$49,987,065. While the sponsor's project budget requests can vary from year to year, the first year budget requests are provided in the spreadsheet for all 71 (non-contextual) projects. The total budget request for all three categories by sponsors for FY 2013 is \$57,751,322.

### **Part 2: Resident Fish - Issues and Recommendations**

### Resident Fish Programmatic Issues and Project-Specific Recommendations

The next three parts identify a set of overarching programmatic issues that arise out of the review of the projects in these categories. The Council's recommendations on the programmatic issues are to be accorded the same weight as the project-specific implementation recommendations. In many cases the Council's programmatic recommendations have become conditions or recommendations that accompany the relevant project recommendations, as explained further in Part 5 (project recommendation spreadsheet).

#### **1. Follow-up plans and reports** (management plans, synthesis, retrospectives, etc).

While all projects have specific and detailed recommendations to be dealt with in contracting or follow-up work, many of the projects in the Resident Fish category come with a recommendation to lead, assist with or participate in the development of a larger plan or report.

In most cases the product is to be submitted to the Council for ISRP review and Council review within a defined period. The report or plan is intended to guide future implementation of the project, either within the funding period, or prior to the next review cycle, or as part of the reporting of results. In some cases, funding in out years is directly linked to the outcome and review of the information, and in other cases, it may simply result in the evolution of an ongoing project. The table below provides a summary list of the resident fish projects that have a follow up report due from this review.

Table 1. List of the follow-up plans and reports with a description of the deliverable and the due date.

ID	Title	Sponsor	Deliverable	<b>Due Date</b>
199101904	Hungry Horse Mitigation-Creston Hatchery	US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)	Assist in the development of a joint M&E plan for the interconnected Flathead River system.	Prior to FY 2015
199404300	Lake Roosevelt Data Collection	Spokane Tribe	Co-lead Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00).	March 2013
199104600	Spokane Tribal Hatchery Operations and Maintenance (O&M)	Spokane Tribe	Co-lead Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00).	March 2013
199104700	Sherman Creek Hatchery Operations and Maintenance (O&M)	Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)	Co-lead Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00).	March 2013
199101901	Hungry Horse Mitigation/Flathead Lake Restoration and RM&E	Salish and Kootenai Confederated Tribes	Co-lead retrospective report for the interconnected Flathead River system for Project # 199101903 and to include a joint M&E plan as described for project # 199101904.	Prior to FY 2015

199101903	Hungry Horse Mitigation Habitat Restoration RM&E	Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP)	Co-lead retrospective report for the interconnected Flathead River system, including a joint M&E plan as described for project # 199101904.	Prior to FY 2015
199201000	Fort Hall Habitat Restoration	Shoshone- Bannock Tribes	Habitat restoration plan.	March 2014
200714900	Non-Native fish Suppression in Graham Creek	Kalispel Tribe	Progress report on Northern Pike suppression in Box Canyon.	Prior to FY 2015
200740500	Rufus Woods Habitat/Passage Improvement, Creel and Triploid Supplementation	Colville Confederated Tribes	Report addressing ISRP issues and concerns for all aspects of project implementation.	Prior to FY 2015
199501500	Duck Valley Reservation Reservoir Fish Stocking O&M and M&E	Shoshone- Paiute Tribes	Reservoir Management Plan.	March 2014
199404900	Kootenai River Ecosystem Restoration	Kootenai Tribe	Synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00).	Timeline for deliverable due 12/31/12
200200200	Restore Natural Recruitment of Kootenai River White Sturgeon	Kootenai Tribe	Synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00).	Timeline for deliverable due 12/31/12
200200800	Reconnect Kootenai River with Historic Floodplain	Kootenai Tribe	Synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00).	Timeline for deliverable due 12/31/12
198806500	Kootenai River Fishery Investigations	Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG)	Synthesis report for Kootenai River projects 1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00.	Timeline for deliverable due 12/31/12
198503800	Colville Hatchery Operation and Maintenance (O&M)	Colville Confederated Tribes	Trout stocking plan, including project specific concerns.	Prior to FY 2015
200811700	Rufus Woods Redband Net Pens	Colville Confederated Tribes	Trout stocking plan, including project specific concerns.	Prior to FY 2015

<u>Committee Recommendation:</u> All projects that have a follow-up deliverable of a plan or report should assume that the Council may form a different recommendation for the project based on the Council and or ISRP review of the follow-up deliverable. The work to develop and respond to the collaborative reports should be adequately funded through the individual

project budgets. However, if necessary, this work can be funded through Regional Coordination contracts as well.

#### 2. White sturgeon

White sturgeon were historically highly migratory throughout the Columbia Basin and ranged freely between freshwater and marine environments. Dam construction has fragmented the historical population into a series of subpopulations to which the marine environment is no longer available. Most impounded populations are recruitment-limited due to a lack of suitable spawning habitat or flow conditions suitable to produce significant recruitment in the available habitat.

The RME/AP review included four white sturgeon projects in the lower river (that is, from the mouth of the Columbia upstream to Priest Rapids on the Mainstem and up to Lower Granite Dam in the Snake River). The sturgeon projects in the Resident Fish review include those populations above Chief Joseph Dam (i.e., Kootenai River and Lake Roosevelt). These projects, as well as those recently reviewed in the RME/AP review; collectively include research, monitoring, evaluation, hatchery, and habitat elements.

The ISRP's review of the specific projects was favorable, albeit with comments about differing approaches certain elements and activities: White sturgeon research, management, and restoration are at a crossroads in the Columbia Basin precipitated by passage and recruitment issues. Greater coordination among agencies and tribes in goals, objectives, and actions is needed. To this end, White Sturgeon Strategic Planning Workshops for the Lower Columbia and Lower Snake River impoundments were convened in 2009, 2010, and 2011, in part to head toward a clear vision for sturgeon in the Basin. Some progress has been made, but difficult issues remain. Key aspects of sturgeon proposals reviewed in the ISRP's resident fish review reflect differing approaches to addressing the recruitment issue, including recruitment limitation research, habitat restoration, and hatcheries. The design of the 2012 workshop should use a Structured Decision Making approach to resolve the difficult issues identified.

<u>Committee Recommendation:</u> The Council recommends that the Council continue to encourage the sturgeon experts in the basin to continue to collaborate on activities, priorities and research at the Sturgeon Workshops. Sturgeon projects in this review - both in the Kootenai River and in Lake Roosevelt– reflect project-specific recommendations to coordinate on sturgeon activities.

#### 3. New work elements

Some proposals included new or greatly expanded work elements. Some examples are expanded outreach and education activities that range up to 15% of the project budget, completing a baseline assessment of native mussel populations, operating a new invasive mussel cleaning station, and developing databases. Those are the most obvious new work elements, and there may be more that were overlooked. Most of these new work elements received positive ISRP review. Council is supportive of the new work elements, but also recognizes that they may require additional funding. In deciding whether and how to implement the new work elements,

the most critical consideration is to ensure the project integrity and intent is maintained as reviewed by the ISRP and recommended by the Council.

<u>Committee Recommendation:</u> Fund these projects as reviewed and recommended. The Council expects that in its contracting process these projects will be funded to maintain the intent and scope of the projects as reviewed and recommended.

## 4. The Council continues to evaluate the distribution of funding to provide fair and adequate treatment across the Program.

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: Bonneville should maintain the budget allocation recommended in the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program of 70% of the total budget to anadromous fish activities, 15% to resident fish, and 15% to wildlife.

### Part 3:

**Data Management Category Review - Issues and Recommendations** 

# **Data Management Programmatic Issues and Committee Recommendations**

#### **Background**

The Council is charged with evaluating and reporting on the Fish and Wildlife Program (Program) implementation and progress. Program assessment occurs at multiple scales -- from project to program level - and thus, the Council relies on data that are appropriately synthesized for these scales. The Council supports the approaches and tools that will ensure management of data that facilitates sharing of environmental, biological, and implementation information that contribute to program evaluation. Council guidance related to these two charges are described within the 2009 program, and this guidance is being refined with the region's assistance through the Council's draft MERR Framework (<a href="http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/merr/Default.asp">http://www.nwcouncil.org/fw/merr/Default.asp</a>).

The Council, through its program, currently supports many projects that collect data. The Council also supports several regional data-management projects and sub-regional database projects that provide access to data from multiple sources, either by storing or serving as a portal to the data from these sources. Also related to data management, the Council supports the development of guidance and tools for improving management and for facilitating sharing of data through its Regional Coordination projects. Given the program's investment in data collection, management, and sharing, and the requirements for program evaluation and reporting, it is critical that these data be appropriately managed, be used optimally, and contribute to program assessment needs.

Currently, data- related work that is funded through the program can be grouped into three broad categories (1) regional data-management projects, (2) sub-regional databases, and (3) individual project level data management.

- (1) Regional Data Management Projects: What we generally refer to as regional datamanagement projects are designed, specifically to manage, store and or synthesize data and information for specific users and the public (e.g., PITAGIS and StreamNet). These data management projects incorporate data from multiple sources and are not restricted to an individual project's field data or to organizing data collected by an agency or tribe.
- (2) Sub-Regional Databases: These are projects or work elements within projects that contribute to the development, maintenance, and/or management of databases that are designed to store data collected in the field from one or more organizations (e.g., Idaho Fish and Wildlife Information System and CRITFC's Tribal Data Network).
- (3) Individual Project Data Management: Occurs within individual projects that collect data for a specific project objective. These projects are associated with work elements for collecting data and may also include development and management of individual entities' database systems.

During the current category review of regional data management, sub-regional database projects, and individual resident fish projects that collect data, several issues related to data management

became evident. Specifically, these issues consist of the need to implement approaches and tools that ensure management of collected data that facilitates data sharing and, improve accessibility of data required for informing program evaluation and reporting needs.

To address the needs at all projects levels, Committee Recommendations are organized into three-parts:

- 1. General Data Management and Sharing;
- 2. Program-Specific Data Management and Sharing; and,
- 3. Regional Data-Management and Sub-Regional Database Project-Specific Data Management and Sharing.

#### 1. General Data Management and Sharing

<u>Committee Recommendations</u>: To address the general data management and sharing needs within program funded projects, Council recommends the following:

- 1) All data collected by program funded projects must be publicly available in accordance with applicable state and federal laws<sup>1</sup>. The program recommends all data be available upon request annually and within 6-months of project completion or following completion of a significant phase of research. To address this legal requirement, Bonneville should require all projects collecting data to store and manage their data and its metadata in a manner that facilitates accessibility to the public, such as through the use of web-services, regional data-management projects, and sub-regional databases.
- 2) All projects collecting data can provide user-limited access to different levels of synthesized data to ensure appropriate use of data while providing easy access to more highly synthesized data to a wider array of users. In general, more highly synthesized data may be of most use and interest to the general public, whereas the more detailed and original data should be accessible to managers, in real time if appropriate. Upon request, however, all data must be made available to all potential users.
- 3) All projects collecting data through the Program should ensure the longevity and usefulness of the collected data be using data management approaches and tools that facilitates its sharing such as by providing comprehensive documentation of metadata and employing data stewards. This may be best achieved by data-collecting entities participating in regional forums and workshops addressing these topics and by taking advantage of data management and data-sharing guidance and technologies generated by these efforts (e.g., PNAMP, StreamNet, and Coordinated Assessments for Salmon and Steelhead (CA) projects).
- 4) All regional data management projects publish their data electronically on a regular basis (i.e., not a static PDF or Word document), and consider using a dynamic data-sharing system for regularly requested information. These regional projects may need to respond to data input in real time for time-sensitive evaluations. As feasible, regional databases, should rely on web-services to access data instead of storing data from multiple sources

<sup>1</sup> Freedom of Information Act 5 U.S.C. '552 (1994 & Supp. II 1996), Data Quality Act (uncodified, as amending the Paperwork Reduction Act 44 U.S.C. 3501 et. seq.), PL 105-277 (Shelby Amendment).

within a data warehouse. Furthermore, as the region's environmental and biological information efforts have matured (along with technology), the time is right for the region to focus on the highest priority data which will influence management decisions, program evaluation and its adaptive management, as well as assessing the most effective and efficient ways to share and store data (see Committee Recommendation #2 below for program priority data).

- 5) All sub-regional databases should use web-services to provide access to priority data for broad-scale evaluation and reporting needs, such as for the program. Other data should be published electronically on a regular basis (i.e., not a static PDF or Word document) through a website (see Committee Recommendation #2 below for program priority data).
- 6) All individual project data that are required for program evaluation and reporting should be made accessible by making these data web-services accessible or by submitting these data to a sub-regional databases or regional data-management project. For anadromous fish data and wildlife data, this appears to be fulfilled by existing regional datamanagement projects and sub-regional databases with some potential to improve the accessibility and prioritization of these data. Resident fish data management is evolving and would benefit from investment in needed infrastructure to make priority data accessible through web-services, subregional database, or a regional data management project; thus facilitating access to resident fish data that are needed for program evaluation and reporting (see Committee Recommendation #2 below for program priority data).

#### 2. Program-Specific Data Management and Sharing

To address evaluation and reporting needs from the program, the Council has been working on a draft Monitoring, Evaluation, Research, Reporting and Data Access Framework (MERR Framework) (also see discussion of how the Council describes the role of the MERR report on pages 3-4). The draft MERR Framework includes a proposed approach for evaluating and reporting on Program progress and the status of the Basin's fish and wildlife. This approach includes developing and refining program biological objectives, the Council's research plan, improving project annual reporting to address priority information needs<sup>2</sup>, and an annual High-Level Indicators (HLI) report to improve how the Council communicates the status of fish and wildlife and program actions in the basin. In combination, outcome of this review process, and guidance in the program and its draft MERR Framework, identify program priority data needs and processes to refine these priority data, including:

- Reporting on Council's HLIs (draft HLIs Report) and supporting Fish and Wildlife <u>Indicators</u> (SOTR),
- Tracking program's biological objectives,
- Information needs of Biological Opinions recognized by the program,
- Council processes informing program needs as described in Part 4: Regional Coordination Issues and Recommendations including outcomes related to "Participate and contribute to ongoing work to improve program reporting, evaluation and

<sup>2</sup> The Council currently is focusing on developing and refining the program's evaluation and reporting priorities (e.g., Council's High Level Indicators (HLIs), program management questions, program biological objectives, and Bonneville's FCRPS BiOp reporting needs) and reporting tools (e.g., Bonneville's standardized project sponsor's Annual Reporting template, Council's HLIs report).

assessment" and "Participate and contribute to Council- sponsored/requested topical forums, reports and workgroups to aid in program development and implementation."

To date, the MERR and HLI report efforts have demonstrated the need to improve data management and sharing within the basin that are needed to inform program level evaluation and reporting needs, as well as the importance of having easy access priority information (e.g., SOTR, StreamNet). As the Council continues to develop its program evaluation and reporting approach for anadromous fish, resident fish, wildlife, and program tasks related to the draft MERR and its HLI report, the Council can help further advance these efforts by providing additional support through policy and organizational structure, as needed.

<u>Committee Recommendations</u>: To address these evolving data needs for program evaluation and reporting, Council recommends the following:

- 1) Data-sharing be focused on priority Program data, and that the shared data should not be limited to non-synthesized data, but also include, the synthesized information such as population estimates and redd abundance for use by the Council and public.
- 2) Priority data for program evaluation and reporting should be accessible through regional data management projects (data accessed through data warehouse and/or web-services) and not through static documents (e.g., PDF, Word)
- 3) The Council should focus on improving data sharing among individual projects, sub-regional databases, and regional data-management projects to provide program priority data at the appropriate level of synthesis to assist with program evaluation. This consists of supporting the recommendations described under '1. General Data Management and Sharing Committee Recommendations "as well as supporting existing process that contribute to this need, such as:
  - a. The Anadromous Salmonids Monitoring Strategies' (ASMS) Coordinated Assessments for Salmon and Steelhead process (co-lead by PNAMP and the Foundation)
  - b. Resident Fish Monitoring Strategy and the Wildlife Monitoring Implementation Strategies being develop by resident fish and wildlife managers through the MERR Framework's implementation strategies for linking exiting data to Council draft management questions and HLIs.
  - c. Development of data guidance for proper management and facilitating sharing
  - d. Development of tools to facilitate access to data (e.g. data exchange templates)
  - e. Development, refining and updating of the fish and wildlife indicators reported in the Status of the Resource (SOTR) that serve to inform Council HLIs.
  - f. Continue to support products and related coordination functions that assist the Council in Program evaluation and reporting needs. These products and functions include those described in Table 1 under "Part 4: Regional Coordination Issues and Recommendations", such as: "Participate and contribute to ongoing work to improve program reporting, evaluation and assessment" and "Participate and contribute to Council- sponsored/requested topical forums, reports and workgroups to aid in program development and implementation."
  - g. Provide technical and policy comments or recommendations to Council-related documents and/or processes.

- 4) To inform program evaluation and reporting needs, entities with program funded projects that collect program priority data should engage in collaborative efforts aiming to address these needs (e.g., RFMS, WMIS, ASMS and CA). Some entities providing data needed for synthesized variables, though these data may not be funded solely by the Program, may use Program Coordination funds to engage in activities supporting data sharing and synthesis and use Program Data Management funds to make the required data accessible to the program (e.g., Coordinated Assessments, SOTR).
- 5) The Committee recommends that the Council engage in a regional data management and sharing discussion through a Program Evaluation & Reporting Committee (PERC). The PERC would provide guidance related to the accessibility of priority data for the Council's Program evaluation and reporting needs. This guidance would be directed towards existing and evolving regional level data-management projects and data-sharing processes.

To ensure that the PERC remains focused on Council program needs, the committee should be:

- chaired by a member of the Council's Fish and Wildlife Committee;
- led by an experienced facilitator; and
- be comprised of policy and technical representatives. Representation and participation on the committee would be voluntary. Representatives may include biologists and data managers/stewards representative each from states, tribal and federal fish and wildlife agencies, Non-Government Organizations, and public utilities working in the Columbia Basin.

#### The PERC would serve to provide a/an:

- Confirmation of priority tasks and sideboards and schedule
- Understanding our existing world by providing brief overviews of
  - O Data-management projects and data-sharing processes that can provide access to program priority data.
  - Program policy guidance regarding priority data needs for program evaluation and reporting, both current and future.
  - Current and future availability and accessibility of synthesized data needed for Program evaluation and reporting data needs (e.g. HLIs, project sponsors' Annual Reports to Bonneville).
- Discuss current and future plans for addressing the infrastructure needed to facilitate efficient sharing of priority program data (e.g., data stewards),
- Discuss emerging data management needs and how these may be addressed by the region and through the program (e.g. Data repository for genetics information).

To test the value-added and effectiveness of the PERC, Council recommends a threemonth trial assignment in which PERC would address a narrowly defined tasked. Council recommends:

- Focusing on the data needs related to the Council's HLIs (draft and in-use)
- Assessing how these data needs can be further addressed by modifications to existing Bonneville funded work and (e.g., StreamNet, Tribal Data Network,

- SOTR, PNAMP Coordinated Assessment project, Resident Fish Monitoring Strategy, Wildlife Monitoring Implementation Strategy, and Anadromous Salmonid Monitoring Strategy).
- Engaging the following subset of the data management project sponsors in this two-month trial PERC assignment: StreamNet, Tribal Data Network, PNAMP and SOTR.
- Producing a report with recommendations to Council on Bonneville funded projects.

## 3. Project-Specific Committee Recommendations – Regional Data Management projects and Sub-Regional Database project

### a. Project 1989-062-01 Program Coordination and Facilitation Services provided through the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Foundation (Foundation)

An existing task of the project consisting of manager and Council input, focuses on developing fish and wildlife <u>indicators (FWI)</u> and aggregating related data to support the Council's Program <u>HLIs</u>. Another task of the Foundation project, presents the FWI data in a highly summarized manner that is easily accessible to the public through the Status of the Resources (SOTR). The information gathered by tasks also may serve to inform Program implementation and evaluation needs including assessments at the subbasin and provincial level. The products related to these two tasks are important for addressing to the program's evaluation reporting needs, and are critical to the Council's HLIs report. For brevity, these two tasks are referred to as "reporting tasks" from this point forward. This work is currently under contract through FY 2012 (in this case, through March 31, 2013). PERC will determine and detail the future implementation of the SOTR and the development of the FWIs.

#### Committee Recommendation:

a. The two reporting tasks described above should be refined and recommended by the PERC. Generally, this function should be funded to focus on identifying easily accessible data, and incorporating electronically synthesized data as these become accessible from data collecting entities including agencies, tribes and other data management projects. Guidance for identifying and aggregating appropriate data for these reporting tasks should be provided collaboratively by representatives of the Council, Council staff, fish and wildlife agencies and tribes to address Program implementation and evaluation needs, including assessments at the subbasin and provincial level and for informing HLI reporting. Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the council recommendations, based on the guidance from this committee, would be incorporated in these reporting tasks. These reporting tasks, along with supporting regional coordination functions (such as those described in Table 1 of the Part 4: Regional Coordination<sup>3</sup>), should be maintained and funding secured.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These includes functions that relate to populating, maintaining and updating the database that pulls data together for the FWI and HLI; development of FWI targets with managers; identification of data and its synthesis to inform existing and new FWIs needed for informing Council HLIs; and, coordinating with other data management projects,

b. The project also provides important historical project information through their website that is valuable to the Program and should receive input from Council and managers regarding maintenance and content of this web resource. The content of the website, including past project proposals, should be maintained as this is critical information for the Program and its coordination. Bonneville should provide a long-term storage and accessibility plan for the past project proposals.

### b. Project 2003-072-00 Habitat and Biodiversity Information System for Columbia River Basin

#### Committee Recommendation:

Revise proposed work based on the following recommendation through FY 2013: This work should remain narrowly focused on Program evaluation needs and evolve towards web-service data accessibility for facilitating meeting these needs. Guidance from the wildlife managers and Council should guide wildlife and terrestrial related work needed for Program evaluation and reporting needs related to HEP, CHAP, subbasin and provincial assessments, and wildlife HLIs. The sponsor will work with Bonneville to incorporate all HEP data into the NWHI database by end of FY2013 (also see project-specific recommendation for NHI in Part 3-3b). Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the council recommendations based on the guidance from this committee would be incorporated in this work.

#### c. Project 1988-10-804 StreamNet

#### *Committee Recommendation:*

Fund as proposed with the following supplemental recommendations through FY 2013:

- Data access under this work should continue to evolve towards a more accessible platform for various users and optimize dynamic web-services to facilitate coordinated data-sharing and data depiction.
- As feasible, this work should expand to include additional managers (and data collecting entities<sup>4</sup>) that currently cannot easily provide access to their data, whether raw or synthesized, to improve accessibility to their data.
- StreamNet should strive to be a comprehensive data portal (e.g. linking to and
  depicting data from other sources etc.) for locating fish data needed to inform
  Program implementation and broad Program evaluation, emphasizing on using webservices. With respect to salmonid fish data, data collectors could provide their data
  directly to StreamNet while non-salmonid fish data could be made accessible to

entities, and the Council to establish the required linkages to facilitate data-sharing of relevant information For example, the functions described as "Continued development of MERR and related products" (e.g., HLIs, Biological Objectives, Research Plan, effectiveness reporting, and monitoring design) and "Other topical documents forums and workgroups that will aid in program development and implementation and program evaluation and reporting" (Lamprey workgroup meetings, Resident fish Committee, Anadromous Fish Committee, and Wildlife Committee).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data collecting entities include state, tribal, and federal agencies as well as other Program funded entity such as umbrella projects (e.g. LCREP) or databases (e.g. DART, PTAGIS)

StreamNet through web-services from resident fish databases or a resident fish data portal.

- Data stored and accessed through StreamNet should include synthesized information, e.g. population estimates, needed for informing Program implementation and broad Program evaluation.
- Data made accessible through StreamNet should focus on data funded by Bonneville and priority data for the program. Identification of Bonneville funded projects that collect fish data should be based on project information available at cbfish.org.
- As necessary, prioritization of Bonneville funded data should be informed by Bonneville and Council's evaluation and reporting needs for the program (e.g., ISRP retrospective reports, Report to Congress, and HLI reports), and Bonneville FCRPS BiOp reports. Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the council recommendations based on the guidance from this committee would be incorporated in this work.
- Sponsor to participate on the PERC as requested by the Council to assist in developing recommendations of the PERC.

#### d. Project 1998-004-01 Columbia Basin Bulletin

#### Committee Recommendation:

Fund as proposed with the following supplemental recommendation through 2017: If not already being done, make Columbia Basin Bulletin publications accessible through the StreamNet Library to facilitate broader distribution and access.

#### e. Project 199008000 Columbia Basin PIT Tag Information System (PITAGIS)

#### Supplemental Committee Recommendation (to Council Decision July, 2011):

This work should accommodate all PIT Tag data generated in the Columbia River Basin, both long term and short term monitoring data, especially those data funded by Bonneville through the program. This includes tributary PIT-Tag based monitoring data currently stored in other databases such as ISEMP's STEM database, and resident fish PIT Tag data. Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the council recommendations based on the guidance from this committee would be incorporated in this work.

#### f. Project 2008-505-00 StreamNet Library

#### Committee Recommendation:

Fund as proposed through FY 2013 with the following caveats:

This work should provide access to documents that are not easily attainable; provide an important archive service for documents; and allow for inter-library loan requests to access hard to access scientific journal articles and other documents for individuals not associated with a university library. This work could be improved to meet the needs of Council, Bonneville and basin state and tribal agencies by:

- Serving as an access point for Council, ISRP, ISAB, Bonneville documents by having
  these be searchable and findable through the library's search engine, thereby improving
  the visibility and accessibility of Columbia River Basin related publications, including
  Council and Bonneville documents, by enhancing the connection to web-based search
  engines.
- Modifying the public name of the library name to more properly reflect its content and services. The name StreamNet Library does not convey the broad spectrum of basin, and out of basin, documents it houses.
- Exploring the possibility of collaboratively publishing (digital) synthesis, strategies, and reports for the Fish and Wildlife Program and establishing these documents as a lower-grade ongoing-publication series of the Council/Bonneville. This could be accomplished by having these documents be peer reviewed by the ISRP, ISAB, or selected reviewers.

#### g. Project 2008-50-700 Tribal Data Network

#### Committee Recommendation:

Fund as proposed through FY 2013 with the following caveat:

This work should meet the needs of CRITFC members as related to program evaluation and reporting needs, as well as exploring the potential to assist non-CRTIFC tribal members. This work should evolve to provide web-service access to tribal anadromous and resident fish and aquatic habitat data collected by CRITFC members so that these data are easily available through web-services. This data-sharing and accessibility should not be limited to raw data, but also make accessible the synthesized information, such as abundance estimates, for the Council and public users. Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the Council recommendations based on the guidance from this committee would be incorporated in this work. Sponsor to participate on the PERC as requested by the Council to assist in developing recommendations of the PERC.

#### h. Project 2004-00-200 Pacific NW Aquatic Monitoring Partnership

PNAMP receives program funding to provide a forum to coordinate monitoring activities and develop common monitoring approaches in the Pacific Northwest including the Columbia River Basin. PNAMP was established in 2003 as an alliance of federal, state, tribal, local, and private aquatic monitoring programs in the Pacific Northwest in response to a need to coordinate as needed the different organizational mandates, jurisdictional needs, issues and questions related to fish and habitat monitoring.

#### Committee Recommendation:

Fund as proposed with the following caveat through FY 2013:

As necessary, prioritization tasks funded by Bonneville should be informed by Bonneville and Council's evaluation and reporting needs for the program (e.g., ISRP retrospective reports, Report to Congress, and HLI reports), and Bonneville FCRPS BiOp reports. Furthermore, if the PERC moves forward, it would be expected that the council recommendations based on the guidance from this committee would be incorporated in this work. Sponsor to participate on the PERC as requested by the Council to assist in developing recommendations of the PERC.

### **Part 4:**

**Regional Coordination – Issues and Recommendations** 

# **Regional Coordination Issues and Recommendations**

#### I. Background

The "Regional Coordination" category includes project proposals from individual state fish and wildlife agencies, individual tribes, or organizations consisting of a number of agencies, tribes or both. Prior to the 2007-2009 project-selection process the term "regional coordination" did not exist to describe a group of projects funded under the program. At the time, the Council relied mainly on one membership organization, the Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority (CBFWA) to help coordinate the activities of the different agencies and tribes involved in Program implementation. CBFWA was formed in 1987 and was and still is the largest membership organization of fish and wildlife managers in the Columbia Basin. Its membership at one time included 13 tribes, four state agencies and the two federal "Services" (NOAA) and US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), although the number of members has declined since 2009. CBFWA was established by charter as an informal collaborative for the region's fish and wildlife managers to:

- 1. Coordinate the efforts of its members to protect and enhance fish and wildlife resources of the Columbia River Basin through joint planning and action;
- 2. Provide a forum to facilitate the exchange of information among members on matters affecting anadromous fish, resident fish, and wildlife resources and their habitat in the Columbia River Basin for informed, coordinated decisions and joint actions;
- 3. Provide more effective review of other uses of the Basin in relation to fish and wildlife.

Funding came directly from Bonneville Power Administration (Bonneville) to CBFWA, and CBFWA then subcontracted with the members for time and travel reimbursement for participating in work meetings. Over the past several years, CBFWA's expenses averaged \$1.6 million per year.

Over the past 30 years, three tribal membership organizations also formed to focus on fish and wildlife in the Columbia River Basin – the Columbia River Intertribal Fish Commission (CRITFC), the Upper Columbia United Tribes (UCUT), and the Upper Snake River Tribes Foundation (USRT). Four Columbia River treaty tribes -- the Nez Perce Tribe, the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation, the Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation, and the Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Indian Nation -- established CRITFC in 1977 to help protect the tribes' treaty-guaranteed fishing rights and their management authority in traditional fishing locations. All members of CRITFC also became members of CBFWA, and after the enactment of the Northwest Power Act, CRITFC largely relied on CBFWA to help coordinate the tribes' participation in implementation of the Council's program.

Similarly, five Upper Columbia tribes formed UCUT in 1982 to represent their interest in ensuring a healthy future for the traditional territorial lands of their ancestors and for proactively and collaboratively promoting Indian culture, fish, water, wildlife and habitat. The UCUT's

members include by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, the Kootenai Tribe of Idaho, the Coeur d'Alene Tribe, Spokane Tribe of Indians and the Kalispel Tribe of Indians. Prior to 2009, UCUT relied largely on CBFWA to help coordinate its member's participation in the implementation of the Council's program.

More recently, in 2008, USRT formed to represent three upper Snake River tribes in much the same way that UCUT does. USRT members include the Shoshone Bannock Tribes of the Fort Hall Reservation, Shoshone-Paiute Tribes of the Duck Valley Indian Reservation, and the Burns Paiute Tribe. USRT strives to coordinate a unified Tribal response to address common resource issues within the Snake River Basin, which protect and nurture the Tribal languages, cultures and traditions.

Until recently CRITFC, UCUT and USRT did not directly receive Bonneville funding for coordination. But as these membership organizations became more engaged in the Council's program, they began to receive coordination funding directly from Bonneville, and the Council has lumped their funding into a general regional coordination category. Meanwhile, many of the original state and tribal members of CBFWA have withdrawn from that organization and began receiving and spending coordination funding directly from Bonneville. CBFWA still receives coordination funding allocated to CBFWA by its new and remaining members. While all these coordination projects have been lumped together into one category, there is a great deal of variation between the activities that are performed by the entities and projects included in this category.

All these agencies and tribes and organizations now propose to continue to perform coordination functions, either as single entities or, in some cases, by allocating a portion of their share of coordination funding to one or more of the larger membership organizations described above. CBFWA recently split its functions into 2 separate entities, CBFWA and Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Foundation (Foundation). CBFWA continues to serve its membership needs and continues to receive Bonneville funding as allocated from its 10 members. The Foundation proposed facilitation services work in FY2013 and beyond, however, does not have funding secured for membership services beyond March 31, 2013.

## Post 2007-2009 Project Review: Coordination funding allocated to and by individual agencies and tribes

Following the 2007-2009 project review process, as the Council continued to review and discuss the Program's coordination needs, a proposal by the Kalispel and Spokane Tribes advanced an "equal share" approach to all members of CBFWA. Specifically the proposal would allow any member of CBFWA wishing to withdraw its membership to receive 1/19<sup>th</sup> "share" of the CBFWA budget (therefore reducing the overall contracted amount with CBFWA), and that entity would then be allowed to determine how best to allocate their coordination funds. That proposal was supported by both the Council and Bonneville. As fish and wildlife agencies and tribes withdrew their funding from CBWFA, they were given a choice by Bonneville as to what they could do with their "share" of the funding. They could either keep the funding, or choose to contribute all or part to CBFWA, or to another membership organization. The Council agreed with the notion of the 1/19<sup>th</sup> share for any entity that did not want to remain as a member of CBFWA, amounting to about \$132,000 per entity. This amount, while forming a basis for how

much funding each fish and wildlife state or tribe might receive, was not directly linked to clearly defined Program needs or tasks.

The "share" concept behind "regional coordination" work has so far been based more on a budget number than on what it costs for addressing Program needs and functions. In addition, differences in work and overhead costs between a single entity and CBFWA have not been fully considered. Generally, the work CBFWA performed is different than the work being performed by an individual entity. CBFWA work focused on providing technical data assistance to members as well as providing facilitation and convening services on behalf of all the members and in an advocacy role for budgets and programs some of its' members proposed. In many cases, individual entities are focused more locally or for internal coordination needs (see objectives in proposals at <a href="http://www.cbfish.org/Review.mvc/Display/543">http://www.cbfish.org/Review.mvc/Display/543</a>).

During the 2007-2009 review, the ISRP recommended a set of metrics for use in evaluating projects aimed at coordination activities. The ISRP suggested metrics for measuring success, member satisfaction, and the quality and quantity of coordination work being accomplished outside of the more traditional mitigation, protection or restoration-type projects. Some examples of the ISRP's recommended metrics are listed below and were later incorporated into the guidance for the 2010-2012 project review:

When describing objectives for your coordination project consider and discuss value added by your proposed project in terms of:

- changes in behavior
- value to members
- *user evaluation of product utility*
- *lack of redundancy*
- member assessment of effectiveness and impact
- benefits to fish and wildlife of enhanced coordination activities.
  - Specific projects or resources benefited by the project
  - Specific effect of coordination on conservation and management

## 2009 Program Amendments and the 2011 Category Review of Research, Monitoring and Evaluation Projects

In 2007 many of the fish and wildlife agencies and tribes developed a guidance document to define differences between regional coordination and watershed or project coordination<sup>5</sup>. The managers defined regional coordination as work having implications at a basin or at minimum, province-level scale, although the document is not always clear in its description of when an activity seeks to benefit a local or "internal" function as opposed to activities that target a more regional, provincial, or basinwide scale. As part of the 2009 program amendment process, the Council worked to on improve the guidance provided for "regional coordination" The 2009 Fish and Wildlife Program included language in the section titled "Program Coordination" that sought

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> CBFWA. 2007. Regional Coordination for the Fish and Wildlife Program Today and Tomorrow: Current status and proposed future definitions. http://www.cbfwa.org/Committees/MAG/meetings/2007\_0821/DRAFTCoordinationDefinitions\_8-13-07release.pdf

to define the functions of "regional coordination" to help guide the work toward accountable and truly "regional" program functions and needs.

The Council further advanced the direction for regional coordination work during the programmatic review of research, monitoring, evaluation and artificial production projects that included in 2011. The ISRP and Council both called out specific needs for coordination and participation in particular subject areas over the next 2-3 years to assist with program development, implementation, and policy development at both regional and basinwide levels. See an excerpt below from the programmatic recommendation on coordination out of the RME review:

What are known as "regional coordination" projects will be reviewed as a category after the RME/AP review. But this review has highlighted a set of coordination issues under the Fish and Wildlife Program that could use focused attention. For one thing, the ISRP often noted a significant lack of necessary coordination among projects aimed at the same end, often compounded by a lack of a strategic plan tying together the work. This includes projects involving ocean research, the projects aimed at estuary habitat improvements and the monitoring and evaluation of effectiveness in the estuary, the projects making up the program's effort at assessing and improving conditions for lamprey, the various predation projects, and the monitoring and evaluation of conservation enforcement activities. Other areas within the monitoring and evaluation and artificial production activities exhibit extensive and necessary efforts at coordination (e.g., the habitat effectiveness work), involving personnel from federal, state, tribal and other entities. And yet little or none of this coordination takes place under the umbrella of or involves the coordination elements of the entities funded under the "regional coordination" projects. These factors illustrate in high relief the Fish and Wildlife Program's recognition that coordination efforts and funding should be focused through a set of functional activities that need coordination, and not necessarily on the basis of entities desiring coordination funding.

As noted in many of the programmatic issues above, the ISRP identified a range of topic areas that suffered from a lack of coordination in a number of ways, and the Panel often recommended a similar set of solutions intended to increase coordinated efficiencies and effectiveness. This includes developing coordinated synthesis reports; sharing data and information through scientific papers and science/policy forums; holding regular workshops focused on specific species, methods, or geographic areas, and on several topics; and the drafting of basin-wide management plans.

Council recommendation: The Council concurs with many of the recommendations the ISRP made for increased coordination. As a result, the Council's recommendations address these needs on (1) a project-specific basis; (2) through programmatic recommendations; (3) as a follow-up item to consider in the future (e.g. holding a technical forum on a particular topic in the next year or two).

In addition, during the upcoming category review of regional coordination, the staff will extract the coordination components from the research, monitoring and evaluation and artificial production projects (and other functional projects, such as habitat activities) to help bring about a consistent review of all coordination activities under the Fish and Wildlife Program. The Council will be closely guided in this review by the provision on Program

Coordination in the 2009 Fish and Wildlife Program, Section VIII(F). The Council will also take a careful look at the regional coordination projects, to see how well they line up with the coordination needs of the program. As the Council and Bonneville review the regional coordination projects, we may find it appropriate to contract with the recipients of regional coordination funding to take on specific tasks identified in this review to increase basin wide understanding of our collective work and accomplishments for fish and wildlife.

www.nwcouncil.org/fw/budget/2010/rmeap/2011\_06decision.pdf (programmatic issue 12).

#### II. 2011-2012 Category Review of Regional (Program) Coordination Projects

All of the information outlined above then fed into the review of the "regional coordination" category of projects in this combined review process. The Council built upon three main sources to further refine the work needs under regional coordination activities:

- 1) 2009 Fish and Wildlife Program language on Program Coordination"
- 2) Metrics for coordination activities recommended by the ISRP in its report during the 2007-09 project review process (ISRP 2007-14)
- 3) Final Council Recommendations for Research, Monitoring, Evaluation, and Artificial Production Projects for FY 2012 and beyond -- Programmatic Issue #12.

Based on these sources, the Council provided the following guidance to those developing coordination project proposals for this review:

The Council benefits from the coordinated efforts of many groups, committees, and organizations in implementing the Council's Program on an ongoing basis. Continued coordination of various Program elements is expected, supported, and in some cases financed by Bonneville. The elements below represent the key areas in which the Council seeks continued coordinated efforts from fish and wildlife managers and interested parties throughout the region. Coordination funding should be focused on the following activities that support Program implementation at a Program level:

- Data management (storage, management, and reporting)
- *Monitoring and evaluation (framework and approach)*
- Developing and tracking biological objectives
- Review of technical documents and processes
- Project proposal review
- Coordination of projects, programs, and funding sources within subbasins
- Facilitating and participating in focus workgroups on Program issues
- *Information dissemination (technical, policy, and outreach)*

Any entity or organization receiving funding for coordination of Program activities must develop a work plan detailing the coordination elements, objectives, deliverables, and budget. All coordination work will be reviewed as part of the Council's project review process and as necessary, scientific, and administrative review. The Council will recommend to Bonneville the level and type of coordination required to implement the Program.

#### Review Objectives:

To evaluate and recommend activities and tasks (under the above categories) that directly informs and supports Fish and Wildlife Program implementation, reporting, and policy development at the Program level.

In an attempt to distinguish Program coordination activities from individual project implementation coordination, we include guidance to help make that distinction. Either way, there should be a strong nexus between the coordination activities and the program.

A strong nexus would contribute to or inform Program policy development; lead to broad-scale Program implementation; and be reportable back to the Council. A weaker nexus (or no nexus) would be an activity that would still be performed absent the Program; internal to the funded organization; or, related to individual project management and coordination.

Proponents will be asked to describe their proposed activities for program coordination that should include but are not limited to:

#### General:

- Convener/facilitation services for Council-requested workgroups and forums
- Participation at Program-related workgroups, forums, and meetings that serve to inform Program priorities as requested
- Participation in a regularly-scheduled Council-convened processes to coordinate information and issues with all coordinating entities within the Council's Fish and Wildlife Program
- Support for collecting, maintaining, and disseminating raw and derived data (redd counts, population estimates, etc.) from the Basin to inform broader reporting needs (e.g., provincial or ESU/DPS, basinwide, and Program-level)
- Assist the Council in organizing and facilitating science reviews for the Council and ISRP; including site visits, project presentations, and special meetings
- Support and participation in subbasin plan, provincial, or Program progress reporting

#### Specific:

- New and continued synthesis/management plans/RM&E development on ISRP/Council topics of interest: lamprey, sturgeon, tagging, estuary, ocean, etc.
- Participating in the Council's Fish Tagging Forum
- Participation in ongoing development of the Program's M&E framework and approach
  - MERR Plan and development of its sub-components such as related RME
     Implementation strategy (e.g., draft Anadromous Salmonid Monitoring Strategy
     and the associated coordinated assessment process for data sharing and the draft
     resident fish implementation strategy,)
  - Support for synthesis/analysis of data
- For Council high-level indicators, Council objectives, etc.
- Participation in wildlife-related issues: wildlife forum, NHI data, HEP, land-management issues (e.g. weed control)

#### **Final ISRP Programmatic Recommendation**

The ISRP, in its Preliminary Review of the Proposals in the Resident Fish, Data Management, and Regional Coordination Category Review, labeled each regional coordination proposal as "Qualified (see Programmatic Issue)." The ISRP's conclusions were based primarily on the fact that the ISRP did not consider the proposed work to be scientific in nature. But the panel did offer suggestions on how "the development of meaningful indicators to measure success could provide ways to effectively and efficiently carry out the objectives of the Fish and Wildlife Program".

The ISRP also encouraged the Council to decide whether regional coordination is an area for scientific investigation and by whom. The ISRP identified four alternatives, and others may be identified as this issue gets policy discussion.

- 1. Continue with the emerging model of formula-funded coordination without including scientific investigation.
- 2. Encourage those making regional coordination proposals to identify important research questions for study along with their coordination efforts.
- 3. Hire an outside contractor to evaluate the regional coordination process and the effectiveness and efficiency of its outcomes.
- 4. Have Council engage in more monitoring of regional coordination outcomes and analyze whether these outcomes are contributing to achievement of Fish and Wildlife Program goals and objectives.

The ISRP further commented that the main deficiency of all regional coordination proposals is that they do not place "emphasis on outcomes". The sponsors do not discuss hypotheses; include quantitative (and qualitative) measures and metrics; or present summary tables, graphs, and trends. Key questions, hypotheses, relationships, data gathering and analysis, reporting of results, and revisions based on what is learned may be desirable, even for projects funding coordination activities. The ISRP recommended greater emphasis on trying to measure outcomes and include in the proposal an adaptive management framework for designing, implementing, evaluating, and revising coordination activities.

#### III. Committee approach for Regional Coordination Projects recommendations

This section outlines the issues the Council needs to address to form recommendations for this category. The three subsections are as follows:

- A. Council priority work anticipated over the next two years;
- B. A list of entities with coordination proposals, including budget requests; and
- C. Committee Recommendations.

#### A. Council's current and anticipated priority coordination work for FY2013-2014

Table 1 lists what the Council believes are the priority needs for program coordination for the next two years, FY2013-2014. In other words, these activities are well-suited for program-level regional coordination funding since the Council will need the assistance from partners throughout the region. All of the work below is intended to be of benefit at a basinwide or regional scale and should inform the Council for policy, program performance evaluation, and implementation decisions. In contracts, coordination needs for individual projects should be

funded from project budgets.

Table 1. Council Priority Work for FY2013-14 for Regional Participation/Coordination

Function	Deliverables or Outcomes
Participate and contribute to Council-sponsored/requested topical forums, reports and workgroups to aid in program development and implementation	<ul> <li>Planning, preparation and logistics for geographic reviews (presentations and site visits) as requested by Council.</li> <li>Predation workshops on invasive species, Non-Native species</li> <li>Columbia Basin Sturgeon Workshops</li> <li>Fish Tagging Forum</li> <li>PERC to develop recommendations on program data needs, sharing and accessibility</li> <li>Wildlife Crediting Forum</li> <li>Council's Research Plan</li> <li>Track Council's Fish and Wildlife Committee meetings and disseminate relevant information to members/stakeholder groups.</li> <li>Regularly check on updates to the Council's website for relevant Council/ISRP/ISAB reports and disseminate relevant information to members/stakeholder groups.</li> <li>Development of management plans, synthesis and retrospective reports that are responsive to the Council and ISRP</li> </ul>
Participate and contribute to ongoing work to improve program reporting, evaluation and assessment including (PERC, coordinated assessment meetings, Committees to develop HLI's)	Forums  Lamprey workgroup meetings  Resident fish Committee  Anadromous Fish Committee  Wildlife Committee  Fish Screening Oversight Committee
	<ul> <li>Continued development of MERR and related products (e.g., HLIs, Biological Objectives, Research Plan, effectiveness reporting, and monitoring design)</li> <li>Development, refining and updating of the fish and wildlife indicators reported in the Status of the Resource (SOTR) that serve to inform Council HLIs</li> <li>Monitoring Design or Protocol in development of approach(s) for regional habitat status and trend and effectiveness monitoring</li> <li>Protocol and Method Development Data Management Strategy and Data Steward Coordination</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Policy Guidance</li> <li>Prioritize data needs for the program</li> <li>Recommendations for data sharing and accessibility</li> <li>Provide technical and policy comments or recommendations to Council-related documents and/or</li> </ul>

	processes
Attend and participate in key program-related regional forums where policies, programs, and actions affect fish and wildlife are planned and implemented	Planning and preparation to present and/or implement program-funded conferences, or program-funded programs such as AFEP, YKFP, CRITFC, CREC, Lake Roosevelt Forum, LSRCP, CHaMP, hatchery evaluation and effects team.
Participate and contribute to subbasin and/or provincial level coordination of Program activities	Coordinate among entities within a subbasin and/or province, projects, programs, and funding sources, for the purpose to enhance collaboration among entities receiving Bonneville implementation funding (e.g. prioritization of work, efficient sharing of resources).

### **B.** Current coordination funding (FY 2012)

Table 2 below lists the entities with current regional coordination funding. The table also shows the financial commitments from individual entities to membership organizations to assist with coordination functions on their behalf.

Table 2. Bonneville's current FY12 Regional Coordination budget

FY12 Regional Coordination							
Entity	Tribe/entity project # (if retained)	balance to CBFWA (1989-062- 01)	to UCUT (2007-108- 00)	to USRT (2007-407- 00)	to CRITFC (1998-031- 00)	subtotal	
		Hauser	Matthew	Byrnes	Brady		
NOAA	\$0	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
USFWS	\$0	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
Burns-Paiute	\$0	\$72,711	\$0	\$60,000	\$0	\$132,711	
Sho-Bannock	\$0	\$72,711	\$0	\$60,000	\$0	\$132,711	
Sho-Paiute	\$0	\$72,711	\$0	\$60,000	\$0	\$132,711	
Umatilla	\$0	\$82,926	\$0	\$0	\$49,785	\$132,711	
Yakama	\$0	\$82,926	\$0	\$0	\$49,785	\$132,711	
Warm Springs	\$0	\$82,926	\$0	\$0	\$49,785	\$132,711	
Nez Perce	\$82,926	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$49,785	\$132,711	
Kootenai	\$0	\$77,248	\$55,463	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
Colville	\$69,673	\$0	\$63,038	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
Kalispel	\$78,797	\$0	\$53,914	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
Spokane	\$78,078	\$0	\$54,633	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	
Coeur d'Alene	\$78,078	\$0	\$54,633	\$0	\$0	\$132,711	

Salish-Kootenai	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
IDFG	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
Montana	\$82,711	\$50,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
ODFW	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
WDFW	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
Accord funding					\$38,071	\$38,071
	\$1,001,107	\$859,580	\$281,679	\$180,000	\$237,212	\$2,559,578
new partners:						
Grande Ronde	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
Cowlitz	\$132,711	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,711
Siletz	\$12,022					\$12,022
Fort McDermitt						
TOTAL:	\$1,278,551	\$859,580	\$281,679	\$180,000	\$237,212	\$2,837,022

#### C. Committee Recommendations

(1) Priority Coordination Work: The Committee recommends that Bonneville use the list of work functions and work products in Table 1 above as the basis for developing contracted scopes of work with associated funding for regional coordination. This list of priority work needing regional coordination is intended to be of benefit to the Program at a basinwide or regional scale and should be developed to inform the Council for policy and implementation decisions. This list should be reviewed and updated every two years.

The Council does not expect that each entity funded will have interest, time or financial resources to participate in all the activities in this list of Council priority work (Table 1). The Council does expect that the entities receiving coordination funding use their coordination funding to participate in activities on the list (Table 1). In other words, each organization should undertake a subset of the work identified in Table 1, at their discretion, and with the funding received for regional coordination work. This work should be stated as specifically as possible in the contract scope of work.

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: All work indentified in a regional coordination project scope of work should originate from Table 1.

(2) Regional Coordination Budget: From 2007 to 2012, the number of fish and wildlife agencies and tribes, and membership organizations receiving direct funds to perform regional coordination functions has grown. The number of entities receiving funding has grown primarily because entities have chosen to take on coordination functions on their own instead of deferring that responsibility to CBFWA. In 2009 Bonneville set a placeholder budget for this group of projects of \$2,825,000 dollars for all projects conducting this coordination work. The amount of

the overall budget allocated by Bonneville to these regional coordination projects has remained close to this 2009 total through Bonneville's 2012 planning budget. The Council members have agreed in the past to this placeholder. As directed in the 2009 Program, the Council is to recommend the *level and type* of coordination that is required to implement the program. Current FY 2012 funding is \$2,837,022.

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: The Committee recommends a two-year annual budget cap of \$2.7 million for all regional coordination funding. This number is generally based on a formula of \$132,000 x 20 (current number of individual tribes and states receiving direct coordination funding).

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: Bonneville should continue to negotiate the individual budgets for entities receiving coordination funding based on work plan.

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: Council and Bonneville should revisit/reassess the overall budget every two years.

#### (3) Who does the work?

The Council benefits from participation by the fish and wildlife agencies and tribes and other organizations to implement work that is basin-wide or program-level in nature. The Council should focus on recommending the specific work and functions that need to be coordinated by any entity receiving coordination funding in the basin. In addition to the existing individual agencies and tribes (Table 2), there may be other entities in the basin that can help to accomplish this work, or to help facilitate coordination of the specific work products outlined in the table describing the Council's priority work (Table 1).

<u>Committee Recommendation</u>: Bonneville should determine the most appropriate organizations to accomplish the work described in Table 1, which may include but should not be limited to those organizations listed in Table 2. This work should be accomplished by the appropriate fish and wildlife agencies and tribes recognized in the program and other entities that have the experience and capacity to coordinate this work at a basinwide scale. The Council does not recommend direct funding to federal agencies for regional coordination activities. The Council recommends that funding support for membership organizations (e.g. CBFWA, CRITFC, USRT and UCUT), be: 1) at the discretion of the individual members; and 2) from their individual allocations.

#### (4) Additional Committee Recommendations:

<u>Funding Period:</u> Two-year contracts for this work with each entity who receives coordination funding.

<u>Contract Starts:</u> Bonneville should begin the contracts for all of the entities receiving coordination funding at or around the same timeframe (e.g., April and May) so they have similar start/end dates to expedite biannual review.

<u>Project-specific recommendations:</u> Sponsors may be asked to provide a report that addresses project-specific ISRP recommendations and concerns contained with the final

review for regional coordination projects as well as those in the 2007-2009 review, as applicable. Sponsors are encouraged to consider tracking and assessing coordination outcomes and measuring success, as feasible, over the next two years ahead of future review cycles (see ISRP suggestions in Programmatic Issue Es).

## **Sponsor Reporting:**

In the annual reports, Sponsors should identify how the coordination funding was spent, including, but not limited to: what documents they contributed to and how; which meetings were attended; and what products resulted from their coordination activities, specifically in relation to the menu of options provided by the Council.

## Part 5: Project Specific Recommendations (Attached spreadsheet)

- Resident Fish
- Data Management
- Regional Coordination

## Part 6: Council explanations addressing the formal requirements of Section

To be finalized and included after final Council determination

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

5	Ln Category ID		Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	FY12 Working FY13	lested	Council Recommendations
1	Resident :		Colville Hatchery Operation and Maintenance (O&M)	Colville Confederated Tribes	ON	×	\$1,403,419	\$1,550,452	\$1,550,452 Implement with conditions through FY 2014. Sponsor to develop a trout stocking plan, including project specific concerns, as described by the ISRP, prior to FY 2015. Funding recommendation beyond FY 2014 based on favorable ISRP and Council review of the trout stocking plan.
7	Resident :	Resident 198806400 H		Kootenai Tribe			\$3,207,025	80	\$0 Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision for Step Review on October 14, 2010. Also refer to the Resident Fish Review and Recommendations for White Sturgeon in Part 2.
m	Fish	198806500	Fish   198806500 Kootenai River Fishery   Investigations   Fish	Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG)	Yes (Qualified)		\$1,015,894	\$967,244	\$967,244 Implement with condition through FY 2017. Sponsors to collaborate in the development of a synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00) as described by the ISRP. By the end of calendar year 2012, sponsor to submit timeline and plan to Council for the development of the synthesis report.
4	Resident : Fish	Resident   199001800   Fish	Lake Roosevelt Rainbow Colville Confederated Trout Habitat and Tribes Passage Improvement		Yes	×	\$1,563,010	\$794,746	\$794,746 Implement through FY 2017.
5	5 Resident Fish	199004400	Coeur D'Alene Reservation Fisheries Habitat	Coeur D'Alene Tribe	Yes		\$1,549,288	\$1,775,697	\$1,775,697   Implement through FY 2017.
9	Resident Fish	6 Resident   199101901   Fish   199101901   Fish	Hungry Horse Mitigation/Flathead Cake Restoration and Research, Monitoring and Evaluation (RM&E)	Salish and Kootenai Confederated Tribes	Yes (Qualified)		\$533,350	\$628,500	\$628,500 implement with condition through FY 2017. Prior to FY 2015, sponsors to colead in the development and submission of a retrospective report for the interconnected Flathead River system, as described by the ISRP for Project # 199101903 and to include a joint M&E plan as described for project # 199101904 and that addresses ISRP comments. Do not implement Lake Trout reduction program (Deliverable 3) until the ISRP has reviewed the Flathead Lake Environmental Assessment and has favorable Council review to proceed with full implementation.
_	Fish Fish	Fish Hish Fish Fish Fish Fish Fish Fish Fish F	Hungry Horse Mitigation P Habitat Restoration and V Research, Monitoring (and Evaluation (RM&E)	Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP)	(Qualified)		\$1,917,686	\$1,917,686	langlement with conditions through FY 2017. Prior to FY 2015, sponsors to colead in the development and submission of a retrospective report for the interconnected Flathead River system, as described by the ISRP for Project # 199101903 and to include a joint M&E plan as described for project # 199101904 and that addresses ISRP comments. Sponsor to address the ISRP comments regarding deliverables 1, 3 and 4 in contracting. Implementation of deliverable 9 to be coordinated with deliverable 3 in Project # 199101901. See Part 6 of the decision document for an explanation in support of deliverables 6 and 7 in light of the ISRP recommendation. This recommendation contains some funding for Sekokini Springs. BPA shall continue to work with sponsor to fully implement the Council's recommendations and budgets approved for Sekokini Springs in April, 2011. BPA shall ensure timely and full implementation for the overall project, including Sekokini Springs.

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

٥	Ln Category ID	ō.	Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	FY12 Working	ested	Council Recommendations
	8 Resident Fish	199101904	8 Resident 199101904 Hungry Horse Mitigation- US Fish and Wildlife Fish Creston Hatchery Service (USFWS)		O <sub>N</sub>		\$156,893	\$160,822	Implement through FY2017 with condition. Sponsors to assist in the development of a joint M&E plan as described by the ISRP as part of the retrospective report for the interconnected Flathead River system, prior to FY2015 (See recommendation for project # 1991-01-903). See Part 6 of the decision document for an explanation supporting this project in light of the ISRP review.
	9 Resident Fish	199104600	9 Resident 199104600 Spokane Tribal Hatchery ! Fish Operations and Maintenance (O&M)	Spokane Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$711,017	\$745,800	Implement with conditions through FY 2017. Sponsors to co-lead in the development and submission of a Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00) called for in the current ISRP Review and the previous ISRP Review Document 2009-16. Final plan to be submitted by March 2013 to inform implementation in 2014 and beyond.
1	Resident Fish	: 199104700	10 Resident 199104700 Sherman Creek Hatchery Washington Fish Operations and Department Maintenance (O&M) and Wildlife	of Fish (WDFW)	Yes (Qualified)		\$325,229	\$325,229	\$325,229 Implement with conditions through FY 2017. Sponsors to co-lead in the development and submission of a Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00) called for in the current ISRP Review and the previous ISRP Review Document 2009-16. Final plan to be submitted by March 2013 to inform implementation in 2014 and beyond.
4	11 Resident Fish	199201000	Fort Hall Habitat Restoration	Shoshone-Bannock Tribes (	Yes (Qualified)	×	\$441,250	\$323,111	Implement with condition through FY 2014. By March 2014, sponsors to develop and submit for a ISRP review a comprehensive habitat restoration plan to address ISRP qualifications. Council funding recommendation beyond 2014 based on favorable ISRP and Council review of the plan.
П	Fish Fish	199404300	Lake Roosevelt Data Collection	Spokane Tribe	(Qualified)		\$1,314,199	\$1,924,991	Implement with conditions through FY 2017. Sponsors to co-lead in development and submission of a Kokanee Plan for Lake Roosevelt with partners WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00) called for in the current ISRP Review and previous ISRP Review Document 2009-16. Final plan to be submitted by March 2013 to inform implementation in 2014 and beyond. ISRP qualifications 3 and 4 to be addressed in contracting. Council expects that sponsors will coordinate with other BPA-funded native western mussel activities in the Basin. Refer to Data Mgmt Review and Rec's (Part 3) for data collection and database aspects of the project.
Н	13 Resident Fish	199404700	Lake Pend Oreille Kokanee Mitigation	Idaho Department of	Yes		\$1,000,995		\$975,000 Implement through FY 2017.
Н	A Resident Fish	199404900	14 Resident 199404900 Kootenai River Fish Ecosystem Restoration	Kootenai Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$1,797,685	\$2,140,625	\$2,140,625 Implement with condition through FY 2017. Sponsors to develop a synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-011-00) as described by the ISRP. By the end of calendar year 2012, sponsor to submit timeline and plan to Council for the development of the synthesis report.
Н	15 Resident Fish	Resident 199500100 Fish	Kalispel Tribe Resident Fish Program	Kalispel Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$602,190	\$613,040	\$613,040 Implement with conditions through FY2017. Prior to reintroduction, Sponsors to develop monitoring plan for reintroduction of westslope cutthroat trout to Goose Creek for ISRP review. Prior to FY2015, progress report on bass production and fishery to be submitted to the ISRP for review.

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

5	Ln Category	<u>Q</u>	Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	FY12 Working FY13	lested	Council Recommendations
16	16 Resident Fish	199500400	Libby Reservoir Mitigation Restoration and Research, Monitoring and Evaluation (RM&E)	Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP)	Yes		\$894,401	\$890,000	\$890,000 Implement through 2017. Sponsor should consider developing a retrospective report as described by the ISRP, following the completion and review of the Hungry Horse Mitigation Retrospective and for the next review cycle.
17	Resident Fish	199500900	Lake Roosevelt Rainbow Trout Net Pens	Lake Roosevelt Development Association	Yes (Qualified)		\$182,644	\$185,384	Implement through FY 2017. See recommendations for related projects WDFW (1991-047-00) and STOI (1991-046-00 and 1994-043-00).
18	18 Resident Fish	199501100	Chief Joseph Kokanee Habitat Enhancement	Colville Confederated Tribes	Yes	×	\$754,484	\$760,731	Implement through FY 2017. Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations (Part 3) for database development aspects of the project.
19	19 Resident Fish	199501300	199501300 Nez Perce Trout Ponds	Nez Perce Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$212,016	\$218,950	\$218,950 Implement with condition through FY 2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications as part of contracting.
20	Resident Fish	199501500	20 Resident 199501500 Duck Valley Reservation Fish Reservoir Fish Stocking O&M and M&E	Shoshone-Paiute Tribes	Yes (Qualified)		\$534,239	\$1,108,320	\$1,108,320 Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsors to develop and submit a Three-Reservoir Mgmt plan as described by the ISRP to help inform implementation in the FY2015 and beyond. The Plan should be submitted by March 2014.
21	Resident Fish	199502700	Lake Roosevelt Sturgeon Recovery	Spokane Tribe	(Qualified)		\$505,982	\$628,522	Implement with conditions through 2017. 1) Not to exceed current infrastructure and sturgeon production level (experimental phase: with 10,000 naturally produced post-hatch sturgeon (deliverable 6)) until initial step review complete in Project 2007-272-00. 2). As part of step review, sponsor to address ISRP qualification 2. 3) Prior to implementation of food web/predation activities, sponsor to submit for ISRP review design and approach methods for predation (deliverable 4) and food web (deliverable 5) components as requested by ISRP in qualification #1. Refer to Data Managment Review and Recs (Part 3) for database development aspects of the project. Also refer to the Resident Fish Review and Recommendations for White Sturgeon in Part 2.
22	Resident Fish	199700400	Resident Fish above Chief Joseph and Grand Coulee Dams	Kalispel Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$762,842	\$800,237	Implement with condition through 2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications 18.3 in contracting. Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations (Part 3) for database development aspects of the project.
23	23 Resident Fish		199701100 Duck Valley Reservation Habitat Enhancement	Shoshone-Paiute Tribes	Yes (Qualified)		\$328,187	\$328,000	\$328,000 Implement with condition through 2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting.
24	24 Resident Fish	199701900	Evaluate Life History of Native Salmonids in Malheur River Subbasin	Burns-Paiute Tribe	Yes		\$212,016	\$425,255	\$425,255 Implement through 2017.
25	Resident Fish	25 Resident 200102800 Fish	Banks Lake Fishery Evaluation	Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)	Yes (Qualified)		\$276,940	\$382,000	\$382,000 implement through FY2017 with condition. Sponsor to address ISRP qualification (ten elements) in contracting.

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

5	Ln Category	OI /	Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	FY12 Working FY13	lested	Council Recommendations
26	Resident Fish	200102900	26 Resident 200102900 Ford Hatchery Fish Operations and Maintenance	Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)	Yes (Qualified)		\$141,651	\$144,616	\$144,616 Implement through FY2017 with condition. Sponsor to address ISRP qualification regarding creel methodologies in contracting.
27		Resident 200103100 Fish	Resident Fish Symposium	Lake Roosevelt Forum	Yes (Qualified)		\$21,202	\$20,750	\$20,750 Implement through 2017. Sponsors should consider adding relevant ISRP programmatic issues from the Resident Fish Category Review to the list of topics in future Forums.
28	28 Resident Fish	200103200	Coeur D'Alene Fisheries Enhancement-Hangman Creek	Coeur D'Alene Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		000′00ε\$	\$434,919	Implement with condition through 2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting.
29	29 Resident Fish	200103300	200103300 Hangman Creek Wildlife Restoration	Coeur D'Alene Tribe	Yes		\$310,000	\$386,033	\$386,033 Implement through 2017.
30	Resident Fish	200200200	Restore Natural Recruitment of Kootenai River White Sturgeon	Kootenai Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$5,850,000	\$14,118,584	Implement with condition through 2017. Sponsors to develop a synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00) as described by the ISRP. By the end of calendar year 2012, sponsor to submit timeline and plan to Council for the development of the synthesis report. Also refer to the Resident Fish Review and Recommendations for White Sturgeon in Part 2.
31	Resident Fish	Resident 200200300 Fish	Secure and Restore Fish and Wildlife Habitat in Montana	Salish and Kootenai Confederated Tribes	Yes		\$106,009	\$4,160,000	\$4,160,000 Implement through 2017.
32	Resident Fish	32 Resident 200200800 Fish	Reconnect Kootenai River with Historic Floodplain	Kootenai Tribe	Yes (Qualified)		\$521,478	\$596,606	\$596,606 Implement with condition through 2017. Sponsors to develop a synthesis report for Kootenai River projects (1988-065-00, 1994-049-00, 2002-002-00, 2002-008-00, 2002-011-00) as described by the ISRP. By the end of calendar year 2012, sponsor to submit timeline and plan to Council for the development of the synthesis report. In addition, sponsor to address ISRP qualification for a Objective 2. Implementation of future reconnect projects based on favorable ISRP review of prioritization approach.
33	Resident Fish	Resident 200201100 Fish	Kootenai River Operational Loss Assessment	Kootenai Tribe			\$735,462		Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision for Wildlife Category Review decision in July 2009.
34	Resident Fish	200203700	Freshwater Mussel Research and Restoration	Umatilla Confederated Tribes (CTUIR)	Yes	×	\$297,684	\$280,583	Implement through FY2017. Council will expect that sponsors will coordinate with other BPA-funded western mussel activities in the Basin.
35	Resident Fish	Resident 200600800 Fish	Mainstem Columbia Amendments Research at Libby Dam	Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP)	Yes (Qualified)		\$356,718	\$476,750	\$476,750 Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting.
36	Resident Fish	36 Resident 200700300 Fish	Dworshak Dam Resident Fish Mitigation	Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG)	In Part		\$216,257	\$334,594	\$334,594 Implement through FY2017. Deliverable 2 (enclosure experiments) to be implemented for two years only through FY2014. See Part 6 of the decision document for an explanation supporting deliverable 2 in light of the ISRP review.

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

5		<u>Ω</u>		Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op		FY12 Working FY13 Requ	ested	Council Recommendations
37	Resident Fish	200702400	rout	Coeur D'Alene Tribe	Yes (Qualified)			\$63,038	\$61,268	\$61,268 Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting.
38	Resident Fish	200714900	200714900 Non-Native fish Buppression in Graham Creek	Kalispel Tribe	In Part (Qualified)			\$254,970	\$424,190	\$424,190 Implement with conditions through FY2017 with the exception of objective 3. Implement objective 3 through FY2013. Implementation of objective 3 beyond 2013 based on favorable ISRP of the coordinated effort by Kalispel Tribe and IDFG to address the ISRP concerns regarding the lake trout removal effort. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications for objective 4 (progress report on Northern Pike suppression in Box Canyon) and submit for ISRP review prior to FY2015 to inform out year implementation.
35	39 Resident Fish	200715700		Confederated Tribes Of Warm Springs	Yes (Qualified)	×	<u> </u>	\$148,842	\$151,938	\$151,938 Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting.
4(	Resident Fish	200717000	40 Resident 200717000 South Fork Snake River I Fish Yellowstone Cutthroat F Trout Recruitment and Survival Improvement	Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG)	Yes		•	\$267,909	\$268,000	\$268,000 Implement through FY2017.
41	. Resident Fish	200724600	Resident 200724600 Restoration of Bull Trout Fish Passage at Albeni Falls Dam	Kalispel Tribe	Yes			\$406,580	\$430,756	\$430,756 Implement through FY2017.
42	Resident Fish	200737200	Lake Roosevelt Sturgeon Spokane Tribe Hatchery		Yes (Qualified)			\$262,656	\$269,733	\$269,733 Implement with conditions through completion of Step Review Process. (Also see related project 1995-027-00 - Lake Roosevelt Sturgeon Recovery.) Also refer to the Resident Fish Review and Rec's for White Sturgeon in Part 2.
45	Resident Fish	200740500	A3 Resident 200740500 Rufus Woods   Compared to the compared t	Colville Confederated Tribes	Yes (Qualified)	×	,	\$233,497	\$288,298	\$288,298 Implement with conditions through FY2014. Sponsor to develop and submit a report addressing ISRP issues and concerns for all aspects of project implementation. Funding recommendation beyond FY2014 based on favorable ISRP/Council review of the report.
47	Resident Fish	200810900	44 Resident 200810900 Resident Fish Research, ( Fish Monitoring and Fish Evaluation	Colville Confederated Tribes		×		\$210,024	\$518,269	\$518,269 Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision on RM&E/AP review June 2011.
45	Resident Fish	Resident 200811100 Fish	Twin Lakes Enhancement	Colville Confederated Tribes	In Part (Qualified)	×		\$492,473	\$192,982	\$192,982 Implement North Twin Oxygenation activities through FY 2017. Sponsor to address current ISRP qualifications (ISRP 2012-2) to demonstrate progress in community efforts to reduce external nutrient loading in their next annual report. Expansion into South Twin Lake based on favorable ISRP review of statistical results from lake comparison study indicating both cost benefit and benefit to fish.
46	Resident Fish	200811200	46 Resident 200811200 Resident Fish Loss Assessment Assessment	Colville Confederated Tribes	Yes (Qualified)	×		\$463,426	\$467,000	\$467,000 Implement with condition through FY2013. Sponsor to develop assessment tools for methodologies assessing hydrosystem impacts. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on favorable ISRP and Council review of

PART 5: Council Recommendations for Resident Fish, Data Management and Regional Coordination Projects

5	Ln Category ID		Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op		FY12 Working FY13	ested	Council Recommendations
47	Resident Fish	Resident 200811500 Fish	Lake Roosevelt Burbot Population Assessment	Colville Confederated Tribes	In Part	×		0\$	\$435,140	\$435,140 Implement Objective 1, deliverable 1 only through completion and not beyond FY2017 (Analysis of Fall Walleye Index Netting Bycatch Data). Sponsor to submit revised proposal based on this analysis for ISRP/Council for review and recommendation prior to additional assessment efforts in Lake Roosevelt.
48	Resident Fish	200811600	Resident 200811600 White Sturgeon Fish Enhancement	Colville Confederated Tribes	Yes (Qualified)	×		\$414,398	\$1,018,469	\$1,018,469 Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsor to submit to the ISRP, specific objectives and methods for physical habitat modeling (deliverable 4) and deliverables 5 and 6 ( <i>Determine behavioral impacts on larval sturgeon exposed to heavy metals; and Assess rates of contaminant bioaccumulation to assess recruitment failure</i> ) as requested by the ISRP in qualification #1. Implementation of deliverables 4, 5 and 6 based on favorable review by the ISRP. Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations (Part 3) for database development aspects of the project. Also refer to the Resident Fish Review and Recommendations for White Sturgeon in Part 2.
49		Resident 200811700 Fish	Rufus Woods Redband Net Pens	Colville Confederated Tribes	ON O	×		\$167,163	\$310,818	\$310,818 Implement with conditions through FY2014. Sponsor to develop a trout stocking plan, including project specific concerns, as described by the ISRP, prior to FY2015. Funding recommendation beyond FY2014 based on favorable ISRP and Council review of the trout stocking plan.
50	Resident Fish	200900800	50 Resident 200900800 Climate Change Impacts Fish	Columbia River Inter- Tribal Fish Commission (CRITFC)	Yes (Qualified)	×		\$328,300	\$346,481	Implement with condition through FY2017. Sponsor to address ISRP qualifications in contracting including a description of how data and models produced by the project will be applicable and accessible to the region.
								\$34,772,618	\$46,707,119	
51	51 Data Mgmt	198810804 StreamNet Coordinate System (CIS Environmer (NED)	StreamNet - Pacific States Marine Coordinated Information Fisheries Commission System (CIS)/ Northwest (PSMFC) Environmental Database (NED)		Yes (Qualified)	×	×	\$2,034,576	\$2,186,271	\$2,186,271 Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations - Part 3. Implement with conditions through FY2013: See project specific recommendation in Part 3 a. In addition, sponsors to assist in the development of regional data priorities, storage and accessibility guidance for the Columbia Basin including data for anadromous and resident fish and wildlife as described in 1A. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation.
52	52 Data Mgmt	199008000	199008000 Columbia Basin Pit-Tag Information	Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission (PSMFC)		^	<b>&gt;</b>	\$2,616,917		Contextual review (Council decision on RM&E/AP review June, 2011) with supplemental recommendation in Data Mgmt Review and Recommendations Part 3-3e.
53	53 Data Mgmt	199403300	199403300 Fish Passage Center	Fish Passage Center, Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission (PSMFC)		^	×	\$1,461,609		Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision on RM&E/AP review June, 2011.
54	Data Mgmt	199601900	Data Access in Real Time (DART)	University of Washington	Yes		×	\$293,938	\$333,387	\$333,387 Implement through 2017.
55	55 Data Mgmt	199800401	Columbia Basin Bulletin	in ions	Yes			\$148,412	\$148,412	\$148,412 Implement through 2017.

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L L	Ln Category ID		Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	i FY12 Working FY13 p Requ	ng FY13 Requested	Council Recommendations
56	56 Data Mgmt	200307200	200307200 Habitat and Biodiversity Information System for Columbia River Basin	Northwest Habitat Institute	Yes (Qualified)	×	\$165,821		\$1,139,366 Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations in Part 3. Implement in part and with conditions through FY2013; see project specific recommendation Part 3-3b. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation.
57	Data Mgmt	200600600	Habitat Evaluation Project	Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Authority (CBFWA)					Contextual review (Council Wildlife decision on July 2009). Continue funding HEP survey work through FY2013 with supplemental recommendation: BPA to work with sponsor and NWHI to incorporate all HEP data into the NWHI database by end of FY2013 (also see project-specific recommendation for NHI in Part 3-3b). Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation.
58	58 Data Mgmt	200850500	200850500 Streamnet Library	Columbia River Inter- Tribal Fish Commission (CRITFC)	Yes (Qualified)	×	\$460,570		\$485,000 Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations. Implement with conditions through FY2013; see project specific recommendation in Part 3-3c. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation.
59	S9 Data Mgmt	200850700	200850700 Tribal Data Network	Columbia River Inter- Tribal Fish Commission (CRITFC)	Yes (Qualified)	×	\$362,032		\$1,533,751 Refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations in Part 3. Implement with conditions through FY2013: See project specific recommendation in Part 3-3g. In addition, sponsor to participate on the PERC and assist in developing recommendations of the PERC. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation.
09	60 Data Mgmt	201007500	201007500 Upper Columbia Implementation and Action Effectiveness Monitoring	Upper Columbia Salmon Recovery Board		×	\$154,000		\$319,436 Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision on RM&E/AP review June, 2011. Also refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations; recommendations from regional data discussion process described in Part 3-2 may inform the data Mgmt and sharing aspects of project beyond 2013.
61	61 Data Mgmt	201100600	201100600 Columbia Habitat and Monitoring Program - : Pilot (CHaMP-P)	Environmental Data Services, NOAA, Quantitative Consultants Inc, South Fork Research, Inc., Terraqua, Inc.		×	\$4,245,762	952	Contextual review. No new recommendation. Refer to Council decision on RM&E/AP review June, 2011. Also refer to Data Managment Review and Recommendations; recommendations from regional data discussion process described in Part 3-2 may inform the data Mgmt and sharing aspects of project beyond 2013.
62	62 Data Mgmt	200400200	200400200 Pacific Northwest Aquatic Monitoring Program (PNAMP) Coordination	US Geological Survey (USGS)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	×	\$583,045		\$793,853 Implement with condition through FY2013: In addition, sponsor to participate on the PERC and assist in developing recommendations of the PERC as described in Part 3-2. Funding recommendation beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council
	Data Mgmt						\$12,526,682	82 \$6,939,476	

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5	Category ID		Title	Sponsor	ISRPRec	Acc Bi ord Op	FY12 Working FY13	FY13 Requested	Council Recommendations
63	Regional	198906201	Program Coordination and Facilitation Services	Columbia Basin Fish and Wildlife Foundation (CBFWF)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$859,580	\$1,572,245	\$1,572,245 Implement in part and with conditions through 2013 for data-related functions: see project specific recommendation in Part 3-3a. Funding recommendation for the data aspects of project beyond FY2013 based on the outcome of the regional data discussion (PERC) and final Council recommendation. See Regional Coordination review (Part 4) for recommendations on coordination functions.
64	Regional Coord	64 Regional 199506425 Coord	Policy, Plan and Technical Support of Washington Dept of Fish and Wildlife - Yakima/Klickitat Fisheries Project	Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$192,772	\$193,988	\$193,988 Implement through FY2017 with condition. Sponsor to assist in addressing ISRP comments from the RM&E/AP review on YKFP projects #1995-063-25 and #1997-013-25, as appropriate, during contracting.
65	Regional Coord	199803100	Implement Wy-Kan-Ush- Mi Wa-Kish-Wit	Columbia River Inter- Tribal Fish Commission (CRITFC)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	×	\$237,212	\$248,358	\$248,358   See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
99	66 Regional 2	200710600	200710600 Spokane Tribe Coordination	Spokane Tribe	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$78,078	\$78,781	\$78,781   See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
29	Regional Coord	200710800	Upper Columbia United Tribes (UCUT) Coordination	Upper Columbia United Tribes (UCUT)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$281,679	\$288,721	\$288,721 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
89	68 Regional Coord	200716200	200716200 Kalispel Tribe Coordination	Kalispel Tribe	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$787,797	\$78,797	\$78,797 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
69	69 Regional Coord	200740700	Upper Snake River Tribe (USRT) Coordination	Upper Snake River Tribes Foundation	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	×	\$148,341	\$280,000	\$280,000 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
70	70 Regional Coord	200901000	Coeur D'Alene Tribe Coordination	Coeur D'Alene Tribe	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$78,078	\$82,030	\$82,030 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
71	Regional Coord	200902500	Grand Ronde Tribe Coordination	Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$132,711	\$131,020	\$131,020 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
72	72 Regional Coord	201004400	Colville Regional Coordination	Colville Confederated Tribes	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$69,673	\$71,130	\$71,130 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
73	73 Regional Coord	201101200	201101200 Cowlitz Tribe Coordination	Cowlitz Indian Tribe	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$132,711	\$153,332	\$153,332 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.
74	Regional Coord	201200200	74 Regional 201200200 Oregon Regional Coord Coordination	Oregon Department Of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)		\$132,711	\$132,711	\$132,711 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.

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Council Recommendations	\$132,711 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	\$132,710 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	\$130,771 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	\$132,711 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	\$132,711 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	\$132,000 See Regional Coordination Review and Recommendations - Part 4.	
lested	\$132,711	\$132,710	\$130,771	\$132,711	\$132,711	\$132,000	\$4,104,727
FY12 Working FY13	\$132,711	\$132,711	0\$	0\$	0\$	0\$	\$2.687.765
Acc Bi ord Op							
ISRPRec	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	Qualified (see Prgmtc)	
Sponsor	Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW)	Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG)	Bonneville Power Administration	Nez Perce Tribe	Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (MFWP)	Salish and Kootenai Confederated Tribes	
Title	75 Regional 201200300 Washington Regional Coord Coord	76 Regional 201200400 Idaho Regional Coord Coordination	77 Regional 201200500 Siletz Tribe Coordination Bonneville Power Coord Administration	78 Regional 201200600 Nez Perce Tribe Coord Coordination	79 Regional 201200800 Montana Regional Coord Coordination	80 Regional 201200900 Salish-Kootenai Tribe Coord Coordination	
	201200300	201200400	201200500	201200600	201200800	201200900	
Ln Category ID	75 Regional Coord	76 Regional Coord	77 Regional Coord	78 Regional Coord	79 Regional Coord	SO Regional Coord	
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